



# Summary sheet for unblocking a small bore catheter in adults

# Example!

This protocol is adapted from St George Hospital, Sydney, Australia. Please review and modify this tool for your institution and seek approval for use from your clinical team.

# Caution!

Be aware that flushing may introduce infection into the pleural space. Careful adherence to aseptic technique is essential.

A 3 way tap attached to a small bore catheter controls the flow of air and/or fluid from the pleural space. It can be turned:

- 'off to patient' i.e. 'off to small bore catheter'
- 'off to drain' under water seal drain (UWSD) or other drainage system
- 'off to bung' in side port.

When the small bore catheter is connected to a drainage system, the preferred position is 'off to bung' in side port. This is to prevent air entering the pleural space should the bung become accidentally disconnected.

# Safety Tip!

Dead end bungs are preferred rather than intravenous bungs to avoid accidental connection of intravenous lines to the chest drain system.

### Unblocking a small bore catheter by flushing via the 3 way tap

### Indications

Unblocking a small bore catheter by saline flush(s) must be ordered in the patient's medication chart by a medical officer and administered by a medical officer or registered nurse trained in the procedure.

### Equipment

- > Personal protective equipment non-sterile gloves and gown, mask and eye protection
- 2 x sterile 50ml luer lock syringes each loaded with 30 ml 0.9 % sodium chloride for irrigation.
- > Dressing pack which provides a sterile field.

### Procedure

- Turn 3 way tap 'off to patient'.
- Disconnect the bung, place on sterile drape and connect a 50 ml syringe loaded with 30 ml sodium chloride.
- Turn 3 way tap 'off to drain'.
- > Gently aspirate the small bore catheter, then instil the sodium chloride.
- Gently aspirate the sodium chloride from the small bore catheter.
- > Turn the 3 way tap 'off to patient' and push the aspirated fluid into the drain.
- > Turn the 3 way tap 'off to patient' and disconnect syringe.
- Reconnect bung.
- Return 3 way tap to 'off to bung'.
- Repeat the process with another sodium chloride loaded syringe if indicated.
- Document the procedure and outcome in the patient's medical record and document the additional 30 ml (or more) of sodium chloride on the observation/UWSD chart.